

Hepatic Low-Density Lipoprotein Receptors (LDLRs) Play a Central Role in Cholesterol Homeostasis

• Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) particles consist mostly of cholesteryl esters packaged with a protein moiety called apolipoprotein B (apoB), with 1 apoB molecule in each LDL particle.^{1,2} LDL particles are the primary carriers of plasma cholesterol in humans,¹ and high LDL levels have a strong and direct relationship with the development of atherosclerosis.³

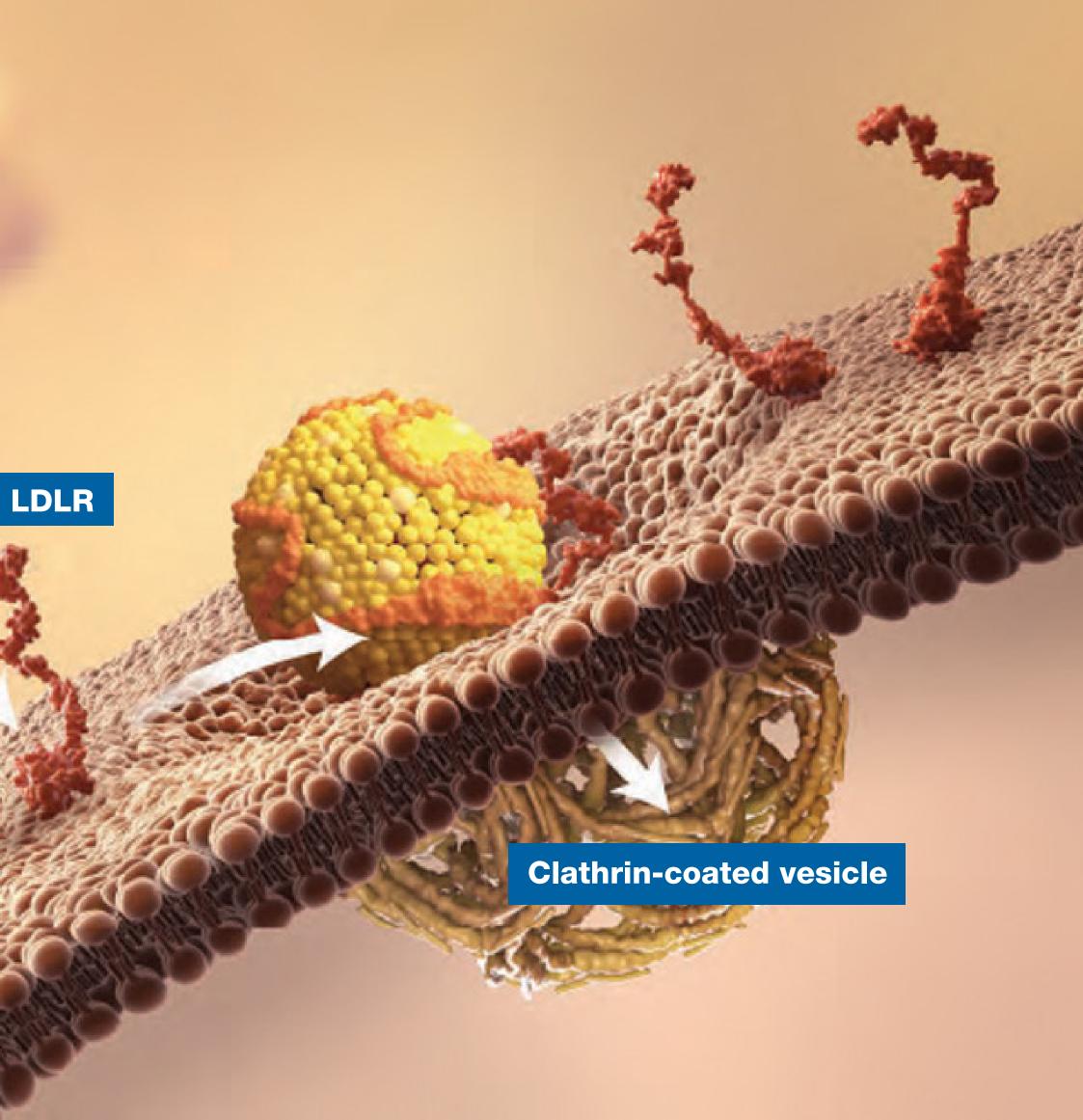
• The liver is responsible for the clearance and catabolism of plasma LDL,² and hepatocyte expression of LDL receptors (LDLRs) is central to this process by binding and removing LDL from the plasma.^{4,5}

• The LDL/LDLR complex is internalized into the hepatocyte via clathrin-coated vesicles, thereby removing LDL from the blood. The affinity of the hepatic LDLR for apoB on LDL enables LDLRs to clear plasma LDL effectively.

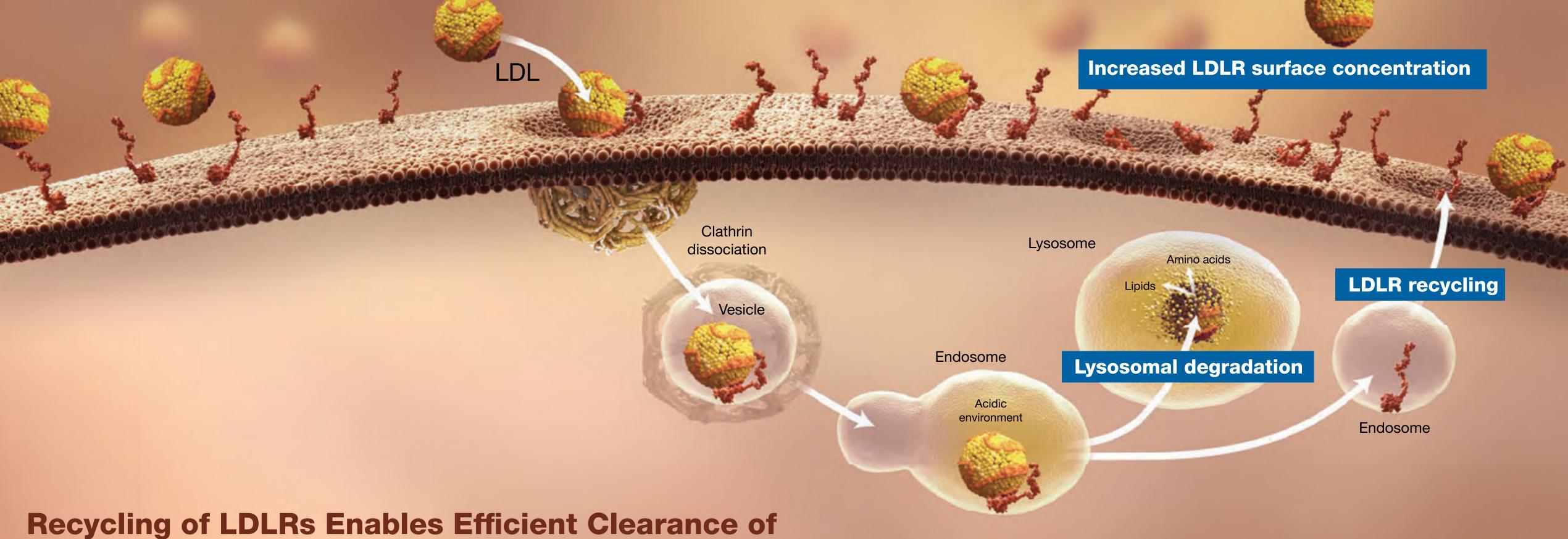
Apolipoprotein B

component

Hepatocyte

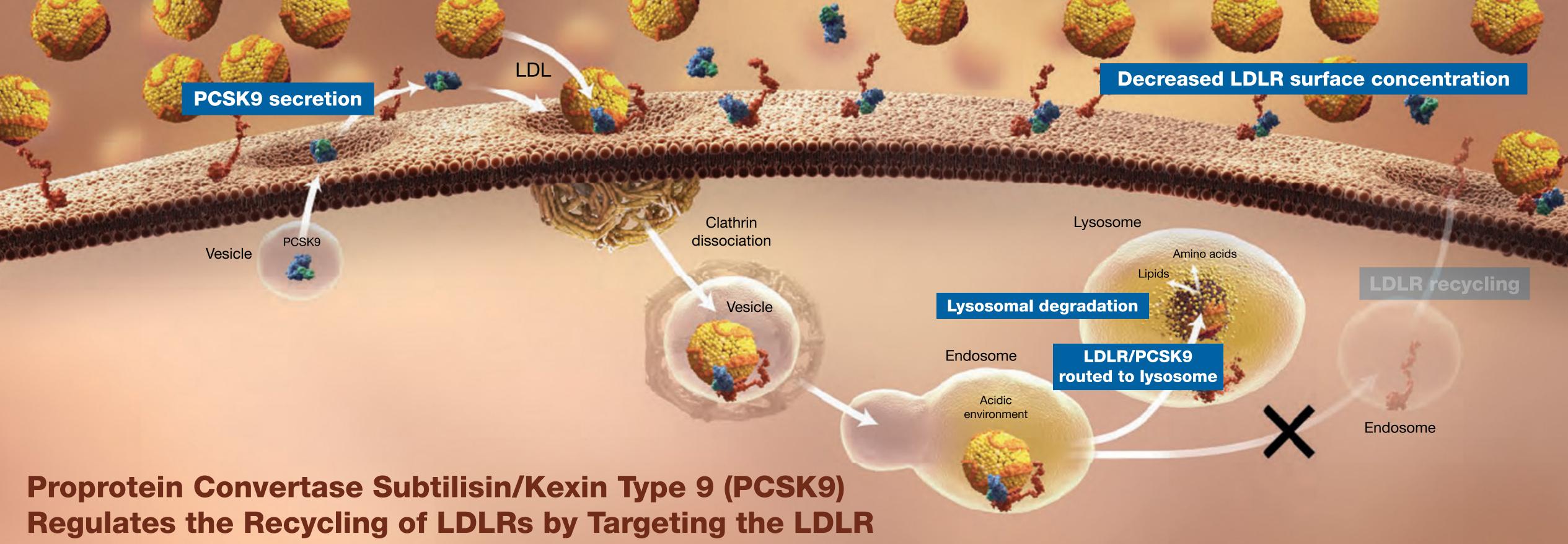


Plasma

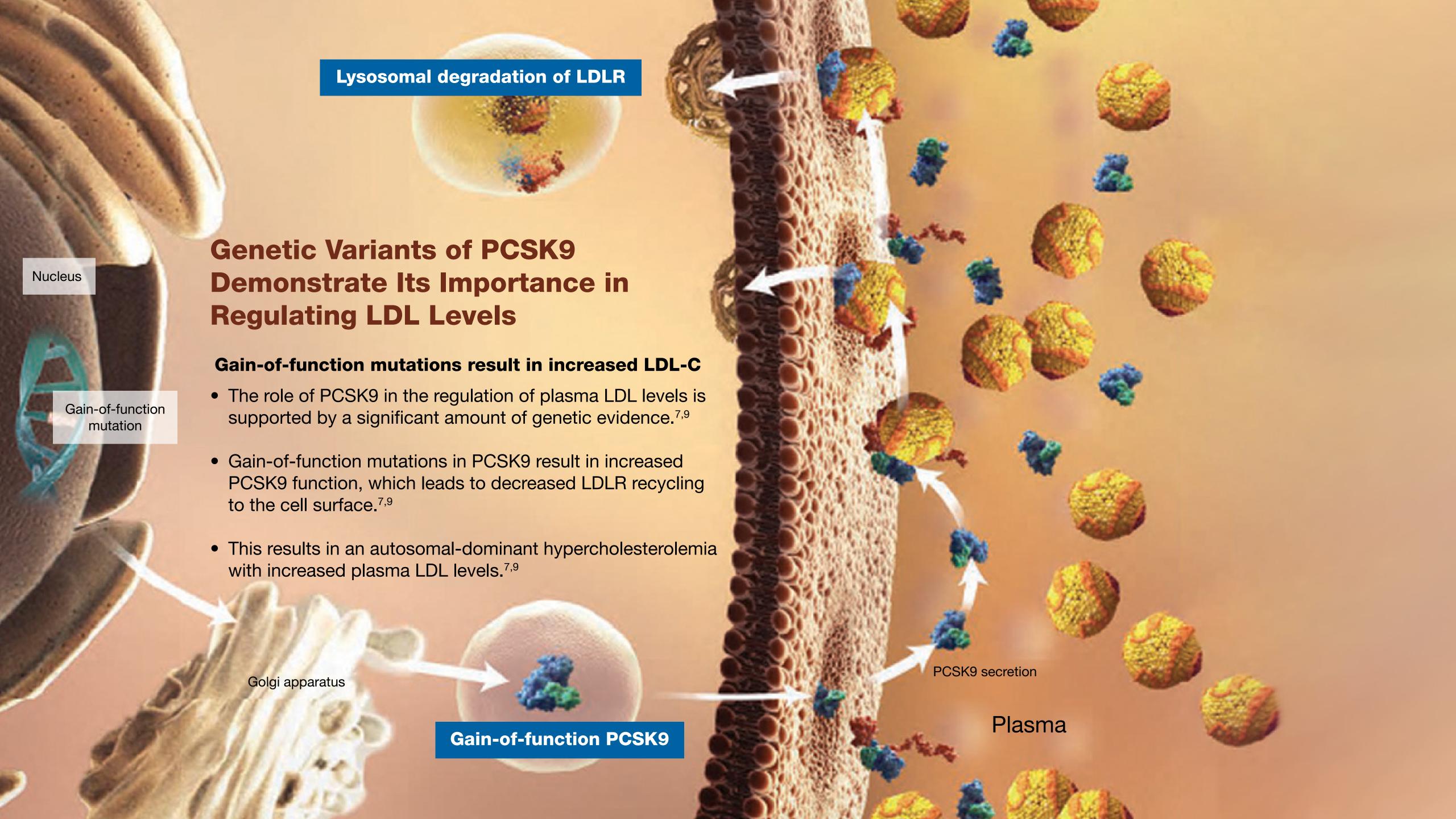


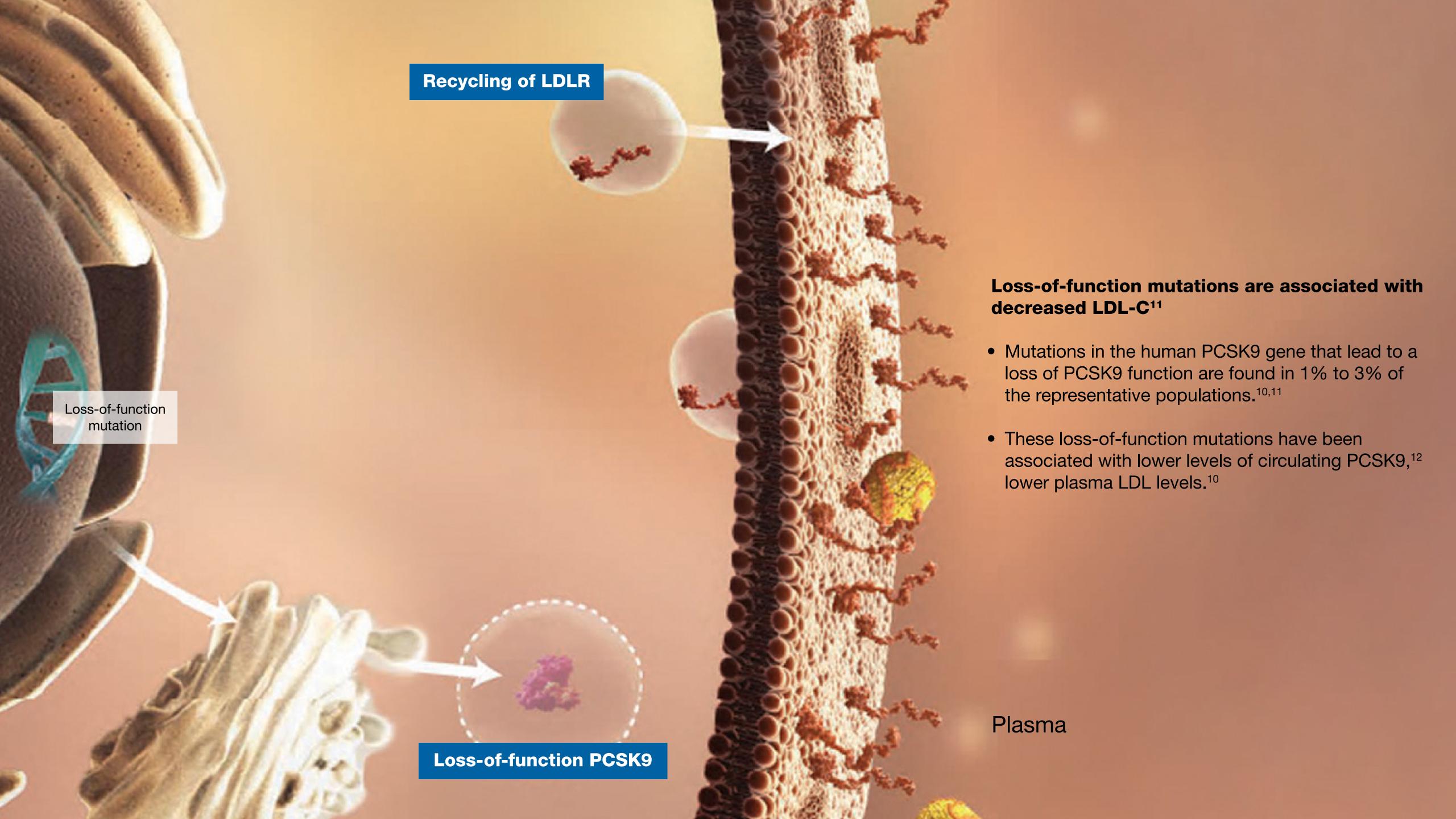
Recycling of LDLRs Enables Efficient Clearance of LDL Particles

- Clathrin-coated vesicles containing internalized LDL/LDLR complexes fuse with endosomes, resulting in dissociation of the LDL particles from the LDLRs due to the acidic environment.⁵ The free LDLRs then recycle back to the surface of the hepatocyte to bind and clear additional LDL from the blood.⁵
- Free LDL particles in the endosomes are transported to the lysosomes and degraded into lipids and amino acids.¹
- The ability of hepatic LDLRs to be recycled is a key determinant of hepatic efficacy in lowering plasma LDL levels.



- for Degradation
- Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9) is a proprotein produced in hepatocytes and secreted into the plasma as functional PCSK9.7 Extracellular PCSK9 binds to the LDLR on the surface of the hepatocyte and is internalized within the endosome.8
- The LDLR/PCSK9 complex is then routed to the lysosome for degradation, thereby preventing the recycling of LDLR back to the hepatocyte surface.^{3,8}
- By preventing LDLRs from recycling back to the surface, PCSK9 reduces the concentration of LDLRs on the surface of the hepatocytes, resulting in a lower LDL clearance rate and elevated levels of plasma LDL.3





List of References

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